

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Condensate (Sweet)			
Other means of identification				
CAS number	64741-47-5			
Recommended use	Feedstock. Fuel.			
Recommended restrictions	None known.			
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information				
Manufacturer/Supplier	Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.			
	333 West Sheridan			
	Oklahoma City, OK 73102-5015			
Telephone	(405) 235-3611			
Emergency	CHEMTREC 24 Hour Emergency			
	Within the USA (800) 424-9300			
	Outside the USA +1 703-527-3887			

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver)
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		

Signal word Hazard statement

Danger

Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Natural gas condensates (petroleum)		64741-47-5	98 - 100
Contains Chemical name		CAS number	%
n-Hexane		110-54-3	< 8
Toluene		108-88-3	< 6
Xylenes (mixed isomers)		1330-20-7	< 6
Benzene		71-43-2	< 2

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

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Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Contains	Туре	Value	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1	000)	
Contains	Туре	Value	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Xylenes (mixed isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	.1000)		
Contains	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Ceiling	25 ppm	
	TWA	10 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	S		
Contains	Туре	Value	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylenes (mixed isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	2.5 ppm	
	TWA	0.5 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Contains	Туре	Value	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Xylenes (mixed isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	1 ppm	
	TWA	0.1 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Contains	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	500 µg/g	t,t-Muconic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
ACGIH Biological Exposu Contains	ire Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.5 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio ne, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylenes (mixed isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	25 µg/g	S-Phenylmerca pturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin d	esignation	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.	
US - Minnesota Haz Subs: S	kin designation applies	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Skin designation applies.	
US ACGIH Threshold Limit V	/alues: Skin designation	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.	
Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.	
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.	
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.	

Skin protection Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

3. Filysical and chemical p	Johennes
Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Colorless to light brown.
Odor	Hydrocarbon.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	105 - 205 °F (40.6 - 96.1 °C)
Flash point	75.0 - 105.0 °F (23.9 - 40.6 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	> 1.4 % v/v
Explosive limit - upper (%)	< 7.6 % v/v
Vapor pressure	3 - 25 psi
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.5 - 1
Relative density temperature	60 °F (15.56 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble (0.1%)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	1.8 - 8
Auto-ignition temperature	446 - 491 °F (230 - 255 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	< 1 mm ² /s OECD Test Guideline 114 estimated
Viscosity temperature	104 °F (40 °C)
Other information	
Dynamic viscosity	0.42 mPa.s (104 °F (40 °C))
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Surface tension	70.2 mN/m (68 °F (20 °C))
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin contact Causes skin irritation. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Eye contact Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. Symptoms related to the Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Skin physical, chemical and irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice. toxicological characteristics

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely	toxic.	
Toxicological data			
Contains	Species	Test Results	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	12200 mg/kg	
Inhalation			
Vapor			
LC50	Rat	28.1 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Xylenes (mixed isomers) (CAS 133	30-20-7)		
Acute			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	3523 mg/kg	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Oral	D /	<i>"</i>	
LD50	Rat	930 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	1		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.		
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.		
IARC Monographs. Overall E	Evaluation of Carcinogenic	ty	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (mixed isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) NTP Report on Carcinogens		1 Carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) OSHA Specifically Regulated		Known To Be Human Carcinogen. .1001-1053)	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		Cancer	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.		

Aspiration hazard

Chronic effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Contains		Species	Test Results
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
	EC50	Daphnia magna	11.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Oncorhynchus kisutch	5.5 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
	NOEC	Ceriodaphnia dubia	0.74 mg/l, 7 days
	NOEC	Oncorhynchus kisutch	1.4 mg/l, 40 days
Xylenes (mixed isomers) (CAS Aquatic	S 1330-20-7)		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is av	ailable on the degradability of this substa	ance.
Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient n-octan Natural gas condensates (pet			
Mobility in soil		s insoluble in water.	
Other adverse effects		erse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de	
	potential, enc	locrine disruption, global warming potent	ial) are expected from this component.
13. Disposal consideration	าร		
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.		
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F D018: Waste Benzene The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.		
US RCRA Hazardous Waste	U List: Refere	ence	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (mixed isomers)	(CAS 1330-20-	U019 U220 7) U239	
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).		
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.		
14. Transport information			
DOT			
UN number	UN1268		
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	Petroleum pr	oducts, n.o.s. (Natural gas condensates	(petroleum))
Class	3		
Subsidiary risk	-		

3

111

Label(s) Packing group

	Environmental hazards			
	Marine pollutant	Yes		
		Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.		
	Special provisions	144, IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28		
	Packaging exceptions	150		
	Packaging non bulk	202		
IAT	Packaging bulk	242		
IAL	A UN number	UN1268		
	UN proper shipping name		tural gas condensates (petroleum))	
	Transport hazard class(es)			
	Class	3		
	Subsidiary risk	-		
	Label(s)	3		
	Packing group	III		
	Environmental hazards	Yes		
	ERG Code	3H Bood apfoty instructional SDS	and amorganey procedures before handling	
IMD	• •	Read salety instructions, 3D3	and emergency procedures before handling.	
	UN number	UN1268		
	UN proper shipping name		.O.S. (Natural gas condensates (petroleum))	
	Transport hazard class(es)			
	Class	3		
	Subsidiary risk	-		
	Packing group	111		
	Environmental hazards			
	Marine pollutant	Yes		
	EmS Special precautions for user	F-E, S-E r Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.		
Tra	nsport in bulk according to			
Anr	nex II of MARPOL 73/78 and			
the	IBC Code			
Ger	neral information	IMDG Regulated Marine Pollut	ant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.	
15.	Regulatory information			
US	federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous C Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication	
	TSCA Section 12(b) Expe	ort Notification (40 CFR 707, S	Subpt. D)	
	Not regulated. CERCLA Hazardous Sub	stance List (40 CFR 302.4)		
	Benzene (CAS 71-43-		Listed.	
	n-Hexane (CAS 110-5		Listed.	
	Toluene (CAS 108-88		Listed.	
			Listed.	
	SARA 304 Emergency re	lease notification		
	Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regul	ated Substances (29 CFR 191	0.1001-1053)	
	Benzene (CAS 71-43-	-2)	Cancer	
			Central nervous system	
			Blood Aspiration	
			Skin	
			Eye	
			respiratory tract irritation	
			Flammability	
	Toxic Substances Control	This substance is on the TSCA	(b) inventory and is designated "active".	
	Act (TSCA)			

Superfund Amendments and Re SARA 302 Extremely hazard Not listed.		86 (SARA)		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes			
Classified hazard categories	Flammable (gases, aer Skin corrosion or irritat Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ to Aspiration hazard Hazard not otherwise or	ion oxicity (single or repea		
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Chemical name		CAS number	% by wt.	
Benzene		71-43-2	<2	
n-Hexane		110-54-3	< 8	
Toluene		108-88-3	< 6	
Xylenes (mixed isomers)		1330-20-7	< 6	
Other federal regulations				
•				
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (mixed isomers) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section) (CAS 1330-20-7)		CFR 68.130)	
Not regulated.				
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Contains component(s) regulated under the	Safe Drinking Water Act.	
Drug Enforcement Adm	Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number			
Toluene (CAS 108-8 Drug Enforcement Adm		6594 8 2 Exempt Chemi	cal Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))	
-		-		
Toluene (CAS 108-8		35 %WV		
DEA Exempt Chemical I				
Toluene (CAS 108-8	8-3)	594		
US state regulations				
US. Massachusetts RTK - Si	ubstance List			
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (mixed isomers) US. New Jersey Worker and	(CAS 1330-20-7)	now Act		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (mixed isomers)	(CAS 1330-20-7)			
US. Pennsylvania Worker ar	nd Community Right-to	-Know Law		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (mixed isomers) US. Rhode Island RTK				
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (mixed isomers)				

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance				
Benzene (CAS 71-43	3-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987		
California Proposition 6	5 - CRT: Listed date/Develop	mental toxin		
Benzene (CAS 71-43	3-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997		
Toluene (CAS 108-8	8-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991		
California Proposition 6	5 - CRT: Listed date/Male rep	productive toxin		
Benzene (CAS 71-43	3-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997		
n-Hexane (CAS 110-	-54-3)	Listed: December 15, 2017		
US. California. Candida	te Chemicals List. Safer Con	sumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code F	Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3,	
subd. (a))				
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)				
Natural gas condensates (petroleum) (CAS 64741-47-5)				
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)				
Toluene (CAS 108-8	8-3)			
Xylenes (mixed isom	ers) (CAS 1330-20-7)			
International Inventories				
Country(s) or region	Inventory name		On inventory (yes/no)*	
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chem	ical Substances (AICS)	No	

Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	INO
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	21-August-2015
Revision date	22-January-2019
Version #	04
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	2 0

Disclaimer

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