devon

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Crude Oil (Sweet)

Other means of identification None.

Recommended use Feedstock. Fuel.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.

333 W. Sheridan Avenue

Oklahoma City, OK 73102-5010

Telephone (405) 235-3611

Emergency CHEMTREC 24 Hour Emergency

Within the USA (800) 424-9300 Outside the USA +1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 1

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2 (nervou

exposure

Category 2 (nervous system, central nervous system, liver, kidney, blood, spleen, thymus)

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (nervous system, central nervous system, liver, kidney, blood, spleen, thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective

gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair):

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use water fog,

foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Crude Oil		8002-05-9	98.0-100.0
Contains Chemical name		CAS number	%
n-Hexane		110-54-3	<= 5
Xylenes		1330-20-7	<= 2
Toluene		108-88-3	<= 0.6
Benzene		71-43-2	<= 0.5

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical Skin contact

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eve contact Immediately flush eves with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Narcosis. Edema. Jaundice. May cause damage to organs (nervous system, central nervous system, liver, kidney, blood, spleen, thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Swallowing of the liquid, or vomiting as a result, may result in aspiration into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Be aware that symptoms of lung edema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Matarial

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

T.

Material	Туре	Value	
Crude Oil (Sweet)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Components	Туре	Value	
Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Contains	Туре	Value	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910).1000)		
Contains	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Contains	Туре	Value	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	2.5 ppm	
	TWA	0.5 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Material	Туре	Value	
Crude Oil (Sweet)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	

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US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Material	Туре	Value	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
Components	Туре	Value	
Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
Contains	Туре	Value	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	1 ppm	
	TWA	0.1 ppm	
		er - lele	

Biological limit values

ACGIH

Contains

Contains	vaiue	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	500 μg/g	t,t-Muconic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
ACGIH Biological Exposu	ıre Indices				
Contains	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*	
Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*	
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*	
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	25 μg/g	S-Phenylmerca pturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	

Determinant

Value

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Sampling Time

Specimen

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Skin protection

Other Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear NIOSH approved respirator

appropriate for airborne exposure at the point of use.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateLiquid.FormLiquid.ColorBrown.OdorHydrocarbon.Odor thresholdNot available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

85 - 500 °F (29.44 - 260 °C)

Boiling point pressure 1013 hPa

Flash point 32.0 - 200.0 °F (0 - 93.3 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 10 - 50 psia

Vapor pressure temp. 100 °F (37.78 °C)

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density 0.65 - 1 (H20=1)

Relative density temperature 60 °F (15.56 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 0.1 - 1 % (Insoluble in water).

Partition coefficient 1.8 - 8

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 446 - 491 °F (230 - 255 °C)

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Strong oxidizing agents.

Irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases may be emitted upon the products decomposition. Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Narcosis. Edema. Jaundice. May cause damage to organs (nervous system, central nervous system, liver, kidney, blood, spleen, thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Swallowing or vomiting of the liquid may result in aspiration into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Be aware that symptoms of lung edema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

•	'	
Components	Species	Test Results
Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Contains	Species	Test Results
Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3523 mg/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	14.1 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	49000 mg/m³, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5580 mg/kg
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	930 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Cancer

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (nervous system, central nervous system, liver, kidney, blood,

spleen, thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Aspiration hazard**

Chronic effects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may

be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Contains		Species	Test Results
Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7))		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	11.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Oncorhynchus kisutch	5.5 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	NOEC	Ceriodaphnia dubia	0.74 mg/l, 7 days
Fish	NOEC	Oncorhynchus kisutch	1.4 mg/l, 40 days
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	8.76 - 15.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.9 mg/l, 96 hours

No data is available on the degradability of this product. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Crude Oil (Sweet) (CAS 8002-05-9) 1.8 - 8

Mobility in soil The product contains substances, which are insoluble in water and which may spread on water

surfaces.

None known. Other adverse effects

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

D018: Waste Benzene

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

Hazardous waste code

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1267

UN proper shipping name Petroleum crude oil

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group |
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Any re-classification or offer for shipment under alternate classification must comply with 49 CFR

173.41 and 173.21

Special provisions 144, 357, T11, TP1, TP8

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 201
Packaging bulk 243

IATA

UN number UN1267

UN proper shipping name Petroleum crude oil

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group |
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1267

UN proper shipping name PETROLEUM CRUDE OIL

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group |
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) LISTED Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9) LISTED n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) LISTED Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

> Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Crude Oil	8002-05-9	98.0-100.0
Benzene	71-43-2	<= 0.5
n-Hexane	110-54-3	<= 5
Xylenes	1330-20-7	<= 2

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number**

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Crude Oil (CAS 8002-05-9) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylenes (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date21-August-2015Revision date08-July-2016

Version # 04

United States & Puerto Rico

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

Devon US Operations cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Crude Oil (Sweet) SDS US

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Yes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).